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DEADLINE FOR 1981 ISSUES

	For Copy	
MAR/APR	FEB 10	APR 1
MAY/JUN	APR 10	JUN 1
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TABLE OF CONTE **IAN/FEB 1981**

	Editorial
	From the President
	by Emily B. Johnson
:	Safety Is Everyone's Concerr
	by Maxwell R. Garret
	Report of Injuries
L-	A Bit of Fencing History
	by William L. Osborn
e/	Photo Contest
r	Training Expenses Not
	Tax Deductible
	by Steve Sobel
v.	Letter to the Editor
	by Robert M. Blum
1	Advertising on a Shoestring
	by David Scyster
	Cadre Positions for
	World Championships
	Suggestions from the Coach
v	Fencing Coaches Questionn
1	Results of Circuit Events
v	Other Results
,	Witnessing a Fencing Compe
	by Brown, Brunn, and Gav
-	Technical Talks
	by Joe Byrnes
\$-**	A Checklist of Fencing Book
	in English
	by Tom Conroy

ON THE COVER

This pose is most often as. epee fencers, who are very about the functioning of their The familiar figure is Paul Pes athlete for over a decade in pentathlon events as well as Photo taken at the 1980 U.S. F Open by Gabe Balla.

Editorial

If this issue seems to resemble a book of lists, it is because it reflects the way of the incoming tide of competition results. Our fencing season has entered full swing. The print may get smaller and smaller, but we intend to print results which we receive as long as there is reasonable space for them. Also included here in our lists are the results of a coaches' questionnaire and (something new) a checklist of books in English on fencing, which might interest some of our readers and writers.

For the non-bibliophiles we have two narrative accounts of happenings: one is historical, written by our former publisher, Bill Osborn, who sounds as though he has other stories up his sleeve. The other is written by college students in Maryland, who witnessed their first electric foil competition. We seek other stories, of either past or present, such as these, so if any of you know a good

one, send it in to AMERICAN FENCING. As our former editor, Joe de Capriles, said, just keep it "signed, sincere and non-vitriolic." To which we add, "It can be funny or serious, but it should be legible and understandable"

We are happy to include announcements of upcoming events. Except for our National Championships and our Jr. Olympic National Championships, we regret that space does not allow us to print entry forms for other competitions. Paid advertisements are, of course, gladly accepted and the text can include anything the advertiser desires.

We require an early deadline because the time lag between submission of an article or announcement and its actual printing is **six weeks or more.** And **then** our copies are given to the tender care of the U.S. Postal Service - - - - hmm - - - mm - - m. MTH.



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From the President

by Emily Johnson

My friends sometimes remark that I tend to belabor certain topics in my columns. I can and do ignore a gentle reminder but when they put their fingers in their ears and howl I begin to pay a modicum of attention. So, please note how subtly I will be mentioning two of my favorite topics - our need for increased membership and our need for more coaches. No one will be entitled to complain that I am harping on these subjects since I am only referring to them in passing.

The answers to the Coaches' Questionnaire have been compiled and are published elsewhere in the magazine. I urge you to read the whole thing. The opinions expressed are invaluable in making programs and plans for the future. Some of the comments are being published at this time and others will be published later as space permits

A constantly regurring theme was a complaint about the lack of publicity for fencing. I agree. We all resent it when nothing ever appears in any of the media about our beloved sport. Sometimes, of course, it's because no one bothered to send anything in. Don't sulk and say it's up to "them". It's not. It's up to us and it's up to us to politely, courteously, pleasantly and persistantly keep after them. The old try, try, try again bit. Remember, newspapers, TV, and sports magazines are in the business of giving space and time to news items that they feel will interest a lot of readers and viewers. If they feel that their audience cares more about what some functionally illiterate fifth round draft choice thinks about a playing surface than it cares about who won our National Championships, then that is what has preference. Don't blame them. We have to persuade them that there are people who care. One way to do this is to increase our membership drastically - figures impress. See, wasn't that subtle?

Another problem in the publicity field is that many sports-writers and sportscasters do not understand fencing. We have pamphlets available. We are in the process of preparing new ones that we hope will enable

the media, family, friends, pr fencers and people who wander i of the rain to understand what is a a competition. Who wants to look ing event when you don't know w what?.

So, if you do manage to get so terested, be charming, available legeable. And be willing to sp time, rearrange your plans or do necessary to accommodate the member it is still up to us to ma move and the second move an move and the

And, as I may have forgotten the larger the membership, the task will be.

So now you have managed to gethe papers or a minute or two or We hope as a result that people area will cry out that it looks like exercise, a great way to make friccry "Whee, that's for me, swordspers!" or whatever rea what? Do you have a place for thake lessons? Can this be ea tained?

Few of the coaches who an questionnaire showed any intecreasing the amount of time they to devote to fencing. That was ing. Most of them indicated a and interest in attending coach That was heartening.

Colleen Olney and her group work on the clinics projects. The ing out information, making plar on procedures. It is most impres just sit there waiting for someone a grape. Get involved. Help. We vot only established coaches whole new group.

Fencing seems like an expeunless you have tried skiing, golf, an evening, or practically any ot ment for your spare time. Stiequipment and travel cost mone earn some through coaching? You to \$12,000 a year if you follo

without losing your amateur status.

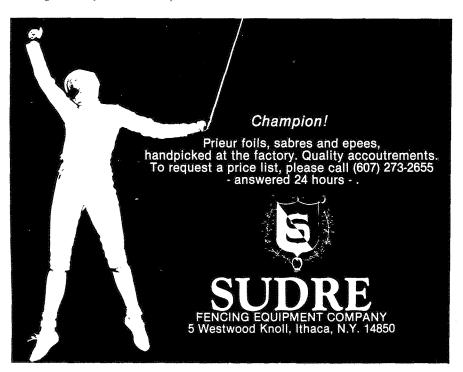
Read the Rules Book. Read Chapter VIII of the AFLA Manual starting on page xxv and the amendments starting on page 37 of the burnt orange supplement. If you don't understand it fully, drop me a note. Now that you know, plan on attending a coaches' clinic and learn a bit about teaching fencing. Then earn some money and help spread the word. Those who have done this tell me that this actually helps them with their fencing. They have to think about what they are doing and explain it. There is nothing like teaching someone else, to help you understand what you are doing.

Some coaches require that all their students belong to the AFLA. A splendid idea.

A note about the insurance we have obtained. I remind you that this is NOT health insurance. It is liability insurance. It is insurance to protect all of the us against claims made by anyone that he or she was injured because of fault on our part. If you get hurt because you were foolish enough to fence without the required protective gear - mask, jacket, underarm protector, etc. - there is no coverage. That is your own fault. If you fleche

and sprain your ankle, it's just one of those things. If you fence on a strip that is not fastened down and you know it, then you don't really have a case. There has to be a showing that we are someway at fault for an injury. If we start having a lot of claims we may be cancelled or the premium may be increased. It is EXTREMELY important that we exercise all possible care. It is really much better not to get hurt than it is to get involved in litigation. Most accidents can be prevented if you and each of you use a little good sense. It is the business of each of us to be sure that the premises are safe - maybe not legally but normally and sensibly.

I have been asked about "the fencing news" (2107 Marianna St., Tampa, Fla. 33612) and the "Fencing Times" (P. O. Box 472, North Hollywood, CA 91603). They are private ventures by individual fencers and I'm all for it. The more the merrier as we lovers of cliches say. American Fencing is the official organ of our organization and we bear some responsibility for what appears in it. That is not true of the "Times" or the "news". They are both fun to read.



SAFETY IS EVERYONE'S CONCERN

(The following are excerpts by Co-author Garrett, with M.H. Poulson, from a new text: "Foil Fencing: Skills, Safety, Operations, and Responsibilities for the 1980's". Penn. State Univ. Press.)

According to most definitions, an accident is an unplanned event. An accident might happen to anyone, given certain conditions and/or acts.

In a recent collegiate open tournament the mask of one of the combatants suddenly came off as her opponent attacked. The point of the weapon entered the mouth of the unprotected fencer. Luckily only laceration of the throat occurred. Naturally both fencers were emotionally and physically upset. The injured party, however, was not only embarrassed but recognized how close she came to permanent injury. Protecting oneself is initially every fencer's responsibility.

Another illustration involved two New York high school foil fencers who attacked simultaneously. One fencer's blade broke, pierced the uniform and penetrated his opponent's neck. Severe bleeding occurred requiring major surgery. The injured fencer recovered but his vocal cords were impaired. As a result of the injury a three million dollar lawsuit was filed against two school districts and two equipment vendors. Who is at fault? Only the court can make that decision!

In another instance a fencer, who lost a very close bout (5-4) in a Junior Olympic qualifying trial, approached the Director and asked as he demonstrated, "Didn't I parry his attack and riposte?" As he demonstrated his riposte, his recent opponent, now unmasked, was struck in the eye.

A realistic appraisal of most recent injuries clearly indicates that very few events labeled accidents are really accidents in the sense of being purely chance events. Some unfortunate events occur because people often lack foresight and make mistakes. When an "accident" is attributable to "human error," coaches may find themselves being charged with negligence. If the cause of an accident is known to exist, that "accident" is not an accident. We should not cultivate a philosophy of carelessness and irresponsibility by labeling all unpleasant sur-

by Max

prises as "accidents." In some c must hold to the brief that adm officials, teachers, coaches, ar ticipating fencers share the respoi the mishaps that occur. Safety practiced by the teacher/coach athletes can keep injuries to a Prevention of accidents, Howeveryone's responsibility. It is the teacher, the coach, the administ fencer, the medical and mainter sonnel, and everyone connected or another with fencing to be safety conscious.

The following is a check list o concern in preventing fencing and/or avoiding liability by the e reasonable care.

- Safe fencing surfaces and fa
- Proper layout of the fencing
- Environmental control factor tion, lighting, temperature, ε
- Physical preparedness and
- Medical clearance
- Correct remediable defects.
- Testing and evaluation prog
- Proper progression in the tenering skills.
- Competent staff supervision
- Proper uniform and safe equ
- Adequate ratio of teachers/c fencers.
- Development of safety awar
- Enforcement of safety meas
- Training of qualified teacher
- Certification of qualified offic
- Post safety regulations and in writing.
- Access to emergency care.

Several dedicated fencers as professionals have banded toget a fencing sub-committee assor the F-8 Committee on Sports Equ Facilities of the American Society and Materials. This organization ted to the concept that ASTM is a ment system for the **developme dards** and the promotion of reliedege." The magnitude and mea commitment deserve to be looked.

in terms of where we are in fencing and where we're going. Our concern and your concern is to further enhance the sport and to reduce hazards and injuries. Safety is everyone's concern. We know you are interested in helping keep fencing safe.

Dr. William G. O'Brien (574 39th Avenue, San Francisco, Cal. 94121) has agreed to chair the task force for our fencing safety sub-committee on recording the injuries sustained in fencing. Your assistance and help is needed. All injuries sustained in fencing should be reported to Dr. O'Brien. This information will be evaluated and processed and increase our ability to better serve you.

Those who administer fencing programs should regard safety as fundamental to their part in a cooperative relationship with all personnel. Establishing a policy committee concerned with safety on the local level is an effective way to educate and motivate personnel. It is a fine method for developing cooperation, exchanging ideas, and developing good safety attitudes, practices, and knowledge.



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REPORT OF INJURIES

The Committee of Injury Statistics, mentioned above in Professor Garret's article, is headed by Dr. William G. O'Brien, Ph. D., and Dr. Marius Valsamis, MD. The responsibility of this committee is to assemble data on all forms of fencing injuries incurred during AFLA, collegiate, and high school sponsored fencing tournaments in addition to those injuries which occur in practice sessions in the fencing clubs or school facilities.

In order for this committee to accumulate data concerning injuries, it is requested that any person involved in a fencing injury, that person's coach or instructor, or other persons aware of such an injury submit a written report to Dr. William G. O'Brien, 574 39th Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94121. The report should include the following information:

(Date and place of incident).

- a. Name of injured
- b. Address
- c. Age
- d. Sex
- e. Club, college, or high school affiliation.
- f. If a member of the AFLA, AFLA membership number and the person's weapon classification.
- g. Number of years fencing.
- h. Whether or not the services of a physician were required.
- i. A narrative summary describing the circumstances resulting in the injury.



AN AD IN AMERICAN FENCING REACHES FENCERS THROUGH-OUT THE COUNTRY. WRITE US FOR RATES TODAY!

A BIT OF FENCING HISTORY VIA AMERICAN FENCING

By William L. Osborn, Former Publisher of American I

I have been persuaded to come out of the wood work and tell the past history of AMERICAN FENCING MAGAZINE which is the history of FENCING since 1949.

Before I start will you pardon a small ser-

- 1. Officers of the AFLA are non paid! Of course there is honor but it's a long hard job of many decisions, most of which may be unpopular. It means hours of over time working at a desk or attending contests that need reporting and many things that might help fencing.
- 2. Officers are often the butt of hard criticism and some name calling! I was not the only one who criticized, but I recall asking Mike DeCapriles where we might find a better president and his answer was, "Who have you got warming the bench?" And this brought me to this conclusion...if you can't fill the job, then help the one who is there. They are unsung heroes whether you happen to like them or not. They have given of their time, money and in some cases, health! To go on with my story . . .

In 1948 the war was over. The boys had returned and fencing started to flourish. The AFLA was trying to patch itself together. We knew fencing was doing better in the colleges but few knew where the other teams were. Coaching was not the geatest in the outlying country. The big cities dominated, New York and Los Angeles were heard from mostly. National championships were in the hard grip of these two cities. There was some anti-semetism, some anti-race and this tended to keep some away from the salles. I recall some well qualified contestants who were refused entrance to some clubs. Yes, we were very snootie!

But the real problem was lack of communication. The only publication had gone out of business before the war and this left a four times a year newsletter from the secretary of the AFLA.

Now it so happened that Mike DeCapriles, Demell Avery and I met at the trains going to work in NYC each morning. Because I was a publishers representative, I thought I knew printing and mailing. (But that's another story). I told the boys I thought I co range for printing and mailing if the work out a deal. We proposed the ide would sell all the ads I could, find a address and mail all copies and ther both money from sales and the bills had bet them that the total cost to the would be less than their newsletter.

The idea was brought up in boaring. Castello, who was backing us w was thrown out of the meeting—b pros were not allowed in the sanctua AFLA! But that's another story . . . b Castello's help and Santelli's too, med some ad revenue which helper over!

So in NOVEMBER of 1949 I had for printer in up state NY (Millbrook) are the addressing machine from the AF I had what they thought was an uplist of paid up members. I had my permit in NYC (and that's another sto found myself addressing over 2,000 and pasting on stamps, and bundling ing to postal regulations.

Well, we went off like a big noise bers of the AFLA received a maga: was theirs! I had requests for copies over the world and many U.S. fenc had never heard of the AFLA! Now insisted that there were over 100,000 interested in fencing in the US. He to copies and sent them in his equipiders. I know Santelli also did some But it took us 10 years to double the membership and I haven't seen that figure come true yet! Maybe they jus foils for decorations!

Well, time has changed many thi have set some precedents. We changed the whole sport with elect in epee and foil. I can't, in all hone Fencing is much better than it was ago. But we have more people fense we have better coaching spread at the USA and I have high hopes that be able to compete with the "amateur".

We have come a long way since dressed AMERICAN FENCING on n

om table and tasted postage stamp glue days and days.

would like to point out to you that there every few left who recall the past. I'd like to ar more from Mike DeCapriles. Dernell ery, Ralph Goldstein, Danny Bukantz and any many others who are still interested. It's get their stories before they are forgot-

Remember the kid from Texas who never dialesson but came to the nationals and on in epee!

Do any of you recall the number of phies that Joe DeCapriles won?

Do you recall the national when Joe Despriles fenced to win with one foot raw on bottom? Yep, this was the man who pied a glider full of men over the lines on Day!

Editor's note: What about it, Ralph? Mike? rnell? Danny?



PHOTO CONTEST!!!!

AMERICAN FENCING is sponsoring a new photographic fencing contest. Photographs will be judged in the following categories: 1) Action; 2) Personalities; 3) Still life; 4) Children and Juniors. Winning photos in each category will be on the cover of AMERICAN FENCING. Runners-up may be used elsewhere in the magazine.

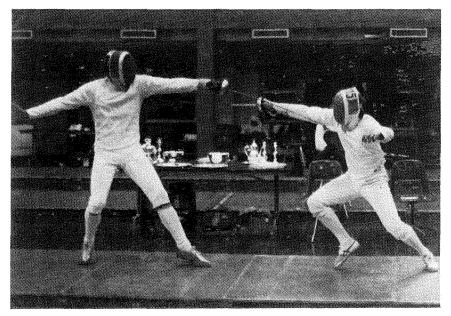
Photos must be at least 4" x 6", glossy finish, preferably black and white. Contest closes April 20, 1981. Include identifying caption, your name, address, (division and club) with entry. Photos will be returned only if accompanied by stamped, self-addressed envelope.

Send your masterpiece entries to: American Fencing Photo Contest, 2201 Bywood Drive, Oakland, California 94602.

top hit or attack? In epee, both men can score. George Masin (left) and Johann Harmenberg (right) ence over the trophies at the 1980 Marathon Epee.

ee page 20 for results.

Photo by Nelson.



TRAINING EXPENSES OF AMATEUR ATHLETE ARE NOT TAX DEDUCTIBLE

by Steve Sobel, Secretary, U.S. Olympic Committee & Counsel, AF

In the Soviet Union and many other communist countries, the expenses of amateur athletes who were training for the 1980 Olympic Games were paid by the government. In the United States, Congress awarded a Gold Medal to each athlete who was selected to the United States Olympic Team, but in a recent decision, the Tax Court decided that the expenses, paid by dedicated American athletes and their families, were not tax deductible. Thus, the outstanding figure skater Tai Babilonia, who won first place in the World Championships, took second place to the Internal Revenue Service in court.

Members of the AFLA Board of Directors can deduct the reasonable cost of travel. meals and lodging to attend meetings since this is considered to be a charitable service for a tax exempt corporation-the AFLA. A liberal interpretation of the same tax regulation would have permitted World Class Athletes to deduct their expenses too because their international accomplishments promote the sport, achieve favorable publicity, and increase membership, all of which could be considered to be services for a tax exempt corporation. However, the court adopted a very strict interpretation detrimental to the development of amateur sports by deciding that since the primary purpose of Tai's expenses were to attain recognition, fame, personal satisfaction, and a future career in professional skating, any benefit to tax exempt corporations such as the U.S. Olympic Committee and the Sports Governing Body for Figure Skating were "merely incidental", and therefore the expenses were not deductible. Although there is a distinction between figure skaters who have a future career as professional entertainers and fencers who do not, it seems clear that unless the decision is reversed on appeal or the law is changed, the same expenses which are paid for foreign athletes by their governments, will be routinely disallowed as charitable deductions in the United States.

This decision may be more important than its simple interpretation of tax law. It

became apparent this year, when the ited States Olympic Committee decid not to send a team to the Olympic Gar in Moscow, that the general American plic doesn't really care about amateur spand is completely unaware of the value participation and the high cost of train Most Americans consider sports as sorthing to watch, and not something to When the Olympics weren't televised, twere just as happy to watch professic sports instead. Unfortunately, such pu apathy becomes contagious, and the cision of the tax court may be conside to be another example of the same policy.

There is a critical need to improve public image of amateur sports in the ited States. Ironically, if this case can poid the incentive to get amateur athly to do this important job, the judge who cided that Tai Babilonia's expenses when the accomplishing more for amateur sports than he ever completed.

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LETTER TO THE EDITOR

Dear Editor:

I read with interest the article by Lois Goldthwaite in regard to the proposed new format for the 1981 national championships in Fort Worth. What particularly attracted my attention was the reference to a computerized method for dealing with the scorekeeping at a nationals competition.

It may interest Ms. Goldthwaite and your readership to learn that such a computer program has in fact already been developed by my sixteen-year old son, Thomas L. Blum, who owns an Ohio Scientific computer of his own. Rough spots in the program were smoothed out under the friendly guidance of Bill Latzko in the weeks preceding the 1980 national championships. The program, written in industry-standard BASIC, was tested on one of the under-19 events at the 1980 nationals; and it appears to function just fine.

The program will do the following: (i) store permanently in memory the names and club affiliation of each individual entry; (ii) upon receiving the results of each strip as it finishes, divide all competitors in any particular round into those who qualify and those who do not; (iii) list those who qualify in their proper numerical order, performing all of the sorts required by the rules - victories over defeats, touches scored minus touches received, fewer touches received to take precedence over more touches received: and (iv) among those who have been eliminated, also sort them in precisely the same manner, so that a complete order can be obtained for all competitors in the round. Moreover, on Tom's Ohio Scientific computer, with its printer attachment, the information will be both displayed and printed out for a pool of one hundred twenty entries in less than five minutes' time.

Those interested in learning more about this program, or in hiring if for use at the 1981 nationals or at other competitions, can obtain such information by writing to:

Mr. Thomas L. Blum The Taft School Watertown, CO 06795

OR

1150 Fifth Avenue New York, N.Y. 10028

A word of caution, however, to those who tend to put too much faith in computers: there are limits to the speeding up of the

seeding process which computers can achieve. If there are twelve pools being fenced simultaneously, those pools will finish at twelve different times. Therefore, hand-sorting of each pool as it finishes can probably produce the appropriate indicators on individual cards just as quickly as can a computer across the first nine or ten pools to finish. It is only when the last two come in that the speed of a computer gives it the advantage. Of course, a computer has another great overall value: it produces an ongoing, printed permanent record of the results in each round — a great aid for press, coaches, and **American Fencing!**

Sincerely, Robert M. Blum





ADVERTISING ON A SHOESTRING

By David Scyster, a New Orleans fencer who has previously contributed to our

One of the most efficient and economical tools available in a local publicity campaign is a poster. Properly designed and distributed it provides lasting information about fencing in a local area. Both design and distribution are important, and neither is overly difficult.

In designing an advertisement a cue can be taken from the thousands of signs and billboards around us. A few points emerge as critical:

1.The poster must be seen, so something on the poster must reach out and stop the eye. Perhaps a picture so striking it has instant appeal, an unusal typeface which holds the attention, or a large blank area. It doesn't matter what, just so something makes your poster different or more desirable than those around it.

In a poster designed for a bulletin board remember that the poster will have an enormous amount of competition. Leave a margin around the message as this creates some distance and separation from the rest of the notices on the board. Design with simplicity and boldness—the fewer elements used the greater the chance of the poster being seen and read.

- Keep in mind that, just as a billboard along the road is seen for only a few seconds (at best), so too is a poster. Relay your message immediately. If you can say the central message in three or four words, so much the better.
- Advertisements promise benefits and encourage action. In our case we "sell" fencing". Describe what it offers, then suggest action on how to gain these benefits. Don't tell the whole story with your poster, just enough to fire the reader's imagination and tell him where to find satisfaction.

In New Orleans, the YMCA Fencing Club is using a poster to advertise our activities Large lettering at the top and bottom catch the eye and frame the poster. All the wording is down one column, which gives the poster a different shape from those around it.

Walking by, all that is easily seen is "FENC-ING" and "568-YMCA". That alone is

enough to allow an interested plearn what and where. When and h with the phone call. For the pecomes closer to examine the who the benefits of fencing are listed words.

A sketch of a fencer is just enouvent questions about hurricane or (Aren't you tired of those, too?)

Deciding where to put posters issue. One distribution approach gun. Put up as many posters in places possible. This may work, be ence with several groups in several activity has led me to have little fatechnique. Forethought and planni better chance of being rewarded

To accomplish this consider the you are likely to attract. A good way is by looking at your group as it no and recalling the type of people come to your club over the past y did they or do they have in commo do they work and go for amusemer put, where can you find them to gi chance to find you?

Answer Who, Where, and Why situation:

WHO is likely to be attracted group?

WHERE are you likely to fir people?

WHY should they fence? This one. What should attract anyone t in the first place? At the Y we advertising on the fact that fencing excellent conditioning, and is a go meet new people. All of this res romantic appeal of the sport which the frustrated Errol Flynn in so ma

Our club seems to draw peopmid twenties to early thirties, well ϵ with a broad spectrum of interedisproportionate number of selfprofessionals.

Distribution of the poster has wards finding these people. Sporti and sporting shoe stores are propular eating spots and taverns sesults, especially popular lunch seges and business schools, and hareas in the downtown area are vered.

Another source of new fencers is the unges of businesses. Most people beame bored with their work environment, and fencing has a strong appeal towards eeting new people.

We also approach sports oriented groups uring their OFF season. Conditioning has traction to these people, and by being ere in their slack time we are at first seen as upplemental and not raiding other groups. At best, this article represents only a start local advertising. There is no need to wait r someone to create a "National Coornator" for advertising, or hold out for sponship by major companies. Those things in and will become real the day fencing scomes as visible as tennis or jogging. It's really all up to us.



CADRE POSITIONS FOR THE WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS

The World Championships will be held in Clermont-Ferrand, France, July 2-13, 1981, according to our present information. The available cadre positions are manager, team captain, an armorer and three coaches.

Anyone interested in applying for these positions should write to Emily Johnson, 1250 Ellis St., No. 11, San Francisco, CA 94109.

There will be a substantial estimated cost to the individual. Selection of the cadre will be made by the Olympic Fencing Committee at its meeting at the end of March, 1981.

Requests, including all pertinent information, must be received by March 1, 1981.

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SUGGESTIONS FROM THE COACHES

(Almost half of the coaches who returned the questionnaires offered suggestions for the betterment of coaching. These are extracts from the questionnaire taken at random. EBJ).

"More publicity for events, recognition from media for our successes. At your level try to get us some TV and news magazine exposure-similar to gymnastics in the 60's. Try to co-op-buy equipment-it is too expensive to fence electric as an individual. Schools are hesitant to expand..."

"Get coaches qualified - we have openings but no coaches..."

"This sounds trite but I think it would work. Most of the recreational fencers we have are frustrated competition fencers. (We have several professional men who just can't make tournaments). If a pin and badge they could wear could be awarded to them for joining the AFLA I think they would join. It would have to have a special significance only available to AFLA afficionados or "sponsors".

'I have applied to teach fencing at colleges I don't have a PE degree. A fencing teacher shouldn't have to have a PE degree.. But, how does one convince the schools?"

"All students who take lessons, join the club or take classes should be charged a fee which automatically includes AFLA membership. Hire a PR or Media Specialist ... Raise money.. Expand the focus of the AFLA from "fencers" to "Fencing", that is an aggressive PR and membership campaign rather than just serving existing fencers. Increase demand through grass roots development of clubs in the areas of schools... A good youth program can create a demand in the schools which will require a qualified and dedicated coach to provide a catalyst."

"I am most interested in ways to upgrade the coaching skills of the many amateur coaches. The American Academy of Arms attitude seems to be that amateurs should hire an AAA member - That's unrealistic because most clubs couldn't support a full time professional right now and their present coach doesn't want to bow out anyhow. What must happen is that the amateurs must be taught how to do a better job and encouraged to do it, to the point that their clubs and fencers outgrow them - at which point they can encourage their best people to go on to

work with a professional. That sounds the professionals aren't needed and no could be farther from the truth. Howeve attitude of the professionals will be critisthe success of the program - if they will the coaches to improve, the coache naturally refer their better students to friend and advisor, and as fencing bell broadly from this program the profes als benefit. With the wrong attitude the pram will be resisted by the amateur coal and if that happens the only smart thir the AFLA to do would be to side with amateurs, even if they're pretty right.

"Give the PE departments more more "Membership can only be increase having the general public have know and information about the sport in ge Otherwise there is no reason for anyojoin the AFLA... Most schools are cutting fencing programs because of budge feeling no loss because of lack of st demand for the activity. There is no fut it like on other sports."

"Divisions should send at least 10 corition schedules to the coaches so that can post them in the salle, have one a ble at home for information, post one college bulletin board, have others ava for the team captains and give the representative members."

"Physical Education program should requirement to teach the fundamenta fencing."

"Better and wider publicity for the and organization. Time on televison she fencers fencing - then name and addresome contact. Exhibitions at high so and colleges in the area. Develop or cure a film introducing fencing - get Depts to show it and give the name contact if interested."

"Offer clinics for PE teachers who offer fencing as part of a general pro and have no background. Encourag divisions to offer a separate pool of fer (where numbers make it practical) for ational fencers only. Organize a nahigh school fencing team association tourage schools to support a team and guidelines and status to H.S. fencing rams. When a fencing program is away varsity status many more people wi

Several months ago Eleanor Turney and I sent out the following questionnaire to 250 fencing coaches. We have received 109 replies. Others keep drifting in but the deadline for submission of this material prevents their inclusion in the statistics. Questions 23 and 30 have been omitted since they ask for suggestions. Many valuable suggestions were received. Extracts will be published in American Fencing as space permits

Dear Coach:

In order to make sensible plans we need information. If we are to increase the membership in the AFLA we must both help the coaches and increase their number. This questionnaire is being sent to those listed as fencing coaches in the AFLA records. We would appreciate it if you would take the time to fill this in and return it to me. The results will be compiled and the information used for planning for the future. The results will be published in American Fencing. Please return the questionnaire by November 1, 1980

Y	/ES	NO
Are you interested in receiving written material that sets out lesson plans, etc., at a nominal charge? Individual 68 Group 74 Foil 79 Sabre 60 Epee 62	83	24
Are you interested in receiving a videotape that sets out lesson plans, etc., at a nominal charge? Individual 32 Group 37 Foil 43 Sabre 31 Epee 31	45	50
3. Would you use a videotape on directing at a nominal charge?	48	43
4. Would you prefer to attend a coaches clinic explaining the written material and/or videotape?	50	39
5. Would you be interested in attending a 3-5 day coaches clinic next summmer? (a) At the USOC Training Center, Colorado Springs? (b) Nearer your home?	22 62	24 15
6. Would you be interested in attending a series of 3 weekend coaching seminars?	49	43
7. Do you feel competent to and would you be willing to teach a coaches clinic (assuming reasonable payment for your services)?	44	50
8. Would you be willing to help organize a coaches clinic near your home?(a) 3-5 days?(b) Weekend (3)	44 61	21 21
9. Would you like written material on the practical aspects of running a salle?	61	33
10. Do you teach anyone under 16?	63	31
11. Are you interested in increasing the number of your junior students?	56	36
12. Are you willing to help organize a junior program?	51	37
13. How about a junior camp?	43	31
14. How about a camp for recreational fencers?	29	52
15. Would you like some sample publicity handouts?	70	19
16. Do you believe it is worthwhile or practical to try to standardize fencing in this country so we have an "American System"?	37	41
17. Would you be willing to change your present methods and systems to conform to an American System?	38	35
18. The National Fencing Coaches Association of America in conjunction		

with the American Academy of Arms has developed a testing program to ascertain the level of competence and training. Do you think the ALFA should get involved in this program?

- 19. Do you believe there should be a National Coaching Staff with different levels on the Staff. (i.e. assistant, associate, etc.)?
- 20. What criteria should be used in addition to mandatory membership in the AFLA
 - (a) Number of students of Olympic Squad?
 - (b) Number of top junior fencers?
 - (c) Number of students?
 - (d) Formal education as a fencing master?
 - (e) Other? (Please Write in)
- 21. Do you teach in a school (fencing)?
- 22. If not, would you like to teach fencing in a school?
- 23. Should the AFLA and/or the NFCAA (National Fencing Coaching Association of America) establish a central registry listing employment opportunities and available coaches?
- 24. Do you encourage your fencers to join the AFLA?
- 25. What level of students do you teach now? Beginner 88 Intermediate 82 Advanced 55
- 26. How much time do you devote to teaching fencing? (see below):

1-5 hours per week	14
6-10 hours per week	28
11-20 hours per week	26
Over 20 hours per week	21

- 27. Do you want to increase that time?
- 28. If you are not now a member of the NFCAA are you interested in finding out more abso, write John Geraci, 279 E. Northfield Road, Livingston, N.J. 07039)

We want to thank the coaches who were at the 1980 Squaw Valley Coaches Training Their suggestions helped greatly in compiling the final questionnaire.

SUGGESTIONS FROM THE COACHES

(Continued from page 15)

come participants. This will increase membership and cut down on turnover."

"If more coaches were available, particularly those that could teach other subjects, I'm sure fencing would gain acceptance. College education schools should be approached. Interscholastic competition at secondary level should be encouraged."

"Written standards for coaches would help with schools. Bureaucracies could follow them in hiring coaches for fencing. Upgrading fencing is the first requirement. The junior clinics were great for us. Have fessional tournament now."

"Massive publicity/ why fencing shin schools/campaign. Clinics at mee High School PE teachers. Get teac ready in high schools, train them to bing coaches." Coaches must make membership mandatory in all of thei Educate the *** stupid Athletic Dimost of whom are "major" spicoaches."

"The only way I could promote fen

Υ

the local schools and at the 'Y') could be to provide the equipment and do the teaching myself..'

"Get the college to produce more coaches from PE students. Get the following events on TV: NCAA, Natl Opens, N.Y. Inter-

"Commit yourselves to bringing the joys of fencing to people in general (including handicapped) and let your champions naturally float to the top. Rather than looking for stars and developing them only to let the real stars slip away. Clean the ranks of amateurs out by bringing about pro fencing. Make fencing simpler to watch and understand by simplifying tournaments (as is being done) and get it on TV. Set up a professional fencing tour for big prize money and the schools will beg for teachers."

"I believe in a "community Fencing Center"...Create a Fencing Center with teacher, coaches, etc. Let the center be for fencing only. Clinics, meets, teaching etc. can all be held there around the clock. I would like to see a "non-competitor" membership that would get the rules book and all propoganda. The fee should be small enough so that school students can afford it. The teacher at college could have the rules book as a text and the magazine would follow the one semester student for a year. "Something for Somethina.'

"Make available low interest loans to obtain the equipment. This is the most prohibitive aspect of starting a junior program or in obtaining the electric gear that helps develop competitive fencers. Organize someplace to send used gear so that new clubs will be able to start with this at a lower cost."

"Need to have training in physical education theory and methods or unlikely to find college jobs. Need to work with the PE teachers who do fencing as part of assignment instead of all of the emphasis on coaches. Get good school courses going, then intramural or club, then can get intercollegiate."

'Do some visual tournaments. More information on maintenance, repair, purchase, needs of elec. equipment. Those of us in the hinter-lands don't know some of the obvious. Ways to get less expensive equipment - students can't afford and school budgets can't either."

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RESULTS OF NORTH AMERICAN CUP CIRCUIT EVENTS

Michel Alaux Women's Open Foil (December 13, 1980, New York City) 78 entries

- 1. Jana Angelakis, TCFC
- 2. Louise Le Blanc, Canada
- 3. Jacynthe Poirier, Canada
- 4. Hope Koneckny, Unatt.
- 5. Chantal Payer, Canada
- 6T Vincent Bradford, ISCS 6T Debbie Waples, Auriol
- 8. Elaine Cheris, Chevenne FC
- 9. Lois Goldthwaite, ISCS
- 10. Sharon Monplaisir, NYFC
- 11. Peggy Walbridge, Cornell
- 12. Elona Maskal, Santelli
- 13. Patty Balz, Canada
- 14. Andrea Metkus, LAAC
- 15. Emily Grompone, Unatt.
- 16. Tracy Yelton, Sebastiani
- 17. Shelley Steiner, Canada
- 18. Jeannett Faulkner, Csiszar
- 19. Margo Miller, Mori
- 20. Debbie Cinotti, Unatt.
- 21. Stacey Moriates, Unatt.
- 22. Virginia McKiernan, Unatt.
- 23. Michelle Sonnenfeld, NYFC
- 24. Sharon Everson, Csiszar

Michel Alaux Men's Open Foil (December 14, 1980, New York City) 90 entries

- Michael Marx, Auriol
- 2. Heik Hambarzumian, Unatt.
- 3. Ed Balinger, Santelli
- 4. George Nonomura, Letterman
- 5. Phil Mathis, Unatt.
- 6. Greg Massiales, D'Asaro
- 7. Ed Wright, Santelli
- 8. Mark Smith, Atlanta FC
- 9. John Nonna, NYFC
- 10. Neil Cohen, NYFC
- 11. Joe Shamash, Unatt.
- 12. Alex Flom, S. d'Armes
- 13. Phillipe Bennet, Unatt.
- 14. Louis Siegal, NYFC
- 15T Ciberi Triedman, Unatt.
- 15T Peter Burchard, D'Asaro
- 17. Norman Mattox, AFA
- 18. Michael McCahey, NYFC
- 19. Bruce Jugen, Halberstadt20. Louis Blair, Canada
- 21. Bruce Milligan, S. Palasz
- 22. Stefan Anger. Canada
- 23. Jeff Bukantz, NYFC
- 24. Ed McNamara NYAC

KADAR SABRE OPEN (Sunda cember 7, 1980, Cleveland, Ohio)

- 1. Peter Westbrook, NYFC
- 2. Phil Reilly, NYAC
- 3. Jean-Marie Banos, Canada
- 4. Mike Sullivan, NYAC
- 5. Stanley Lekach, NYAC
- 6. Claudé Marcil, Canada
- 7. Jean Paul Banos, Canada
- 8. Carl Friedberg, U. of Penn.
- 9. Edgar Hause, NYAC
- 10T Marc Lavoie, Canada
- 10T Joel Glucksman, NYFC
- 12. Steve Mormando, NYFC
- 13T Joe Marotta, NYFC
- 13T George Bartos
- 15. George Gonzales-Rivas, NYAC
- 16. Dennis Goldberg, Csiszar
- 17. Joe Fazekas, Alcazar
- 18. Frank Nagorney, S. Kadar
- 19. Pat Potopowicz, NYFC
- 20. Wuan Bergeron, Canada
- 21. Martin Johnson, N. Orleans FC
- 22. Dan McCormick, Unatt.
- 23. Jim Ellis, Penn. State
- 24. Don Andrews, S. Jose State

CSISZAR OPEN EPEE (December

- 7, 1980, Philadelphia, Pa.) 84 entries
- 1. Holt Farley, S. Richards
- 2. Bob Frenson, NYCA
- 3. Robert Hurley, Sebastiani
- 4. Michel Dessureault, Canada
- 5. Greg Losey, M. Pentath.
- 6T Tim Glass, Sebastiani
- 6T Robert Marx, Auriol
- 6T Peter Schiffrin, D'Asaro
- 9. Paul Pesthy, NYAC
- 10. Lee Shelley, Orsi
- 11. John Moreau, M. Pentath.
- 12. Robert Nieman, M. Pentath.
- 13. George Masin, NYAC14. Leonid Dervbinsky, NYAC
- 15. Robert Yarrison, S. Richards
- 16. Steve Trevor, Alcazar
- 17. Risto Hurme, M. Pentath.
- 18. John Leung, U. of Penn.
- 19. Chris Hanson, Csiszar
- 20. Gary Thoreson, Sebastiani
- 21. James Melcher, NYFC 22. Lew Siegel, NYFC
- 23. Bob Hupp, AFA
- 24. Geza Kogler, FAM

RESULTS

1980 MARATHON EPEE

by George Nelson

Since American fencers were unable to participate in the 1980 Olympics, the organizers of the 1980 Marathon Epee invited Johan Harmenberg, Moscow Olympic Epee Gold Medalist, from Stockholm, to fence right in our own backyard in San Antonio. The money invested in his trip produced valuable experience for those Americans who fenced and watched Harmenberg in the two-day, two-competition event, as well as the other participatants from Mexico, Canada, and Austria. Over 60 competitors appeared each day of the meet. Harmenberg won the overall trophy, and George Masin, NYAC, won the special prize of life membership in TRIM AND SWIM HEALTH AND FITNESS SPAS as the hightest ranked American in the tourney. In addition to the silver trophies, four other finalists also received one year memberships in Trim and Swim. The meet was sponsored by the U.S. Modern Pentathlon Training Center, the South Texas AFLA, and Trim and Swim.

The 1981 Pentathlon Open has been scheduled for February 21-22 in San Antonio. The tournament has been designated as part of the point-selection North American Circuit. For further information: George Nelson, Box 12062, San Antonio, TX 78212.

RESULTS

Saturday	Sunday
1. George Masin, NYAC 4-1	1. Johan Harmenberg 5-0
2. Johan Harmenberg, Sweden 4-1	2. Risto Hurme 4-1
3. Bob Nieman, USMP 3-2	3. Paul Pesthy, NYAC 3-2
4. Risto Hurme, SA 2-3	4. George Masin 2-3
5. Bob Hurley, Sebastiani 2-3	5. Bob Nieman 1-4
6. Tim Glass, Sebastiani 0-5	6. Al Peters, Sebastiani 0-5

Overall

- 1. Johan Harmenberg 2. George Masin
- 3 Risto Hurme

Highest ranked woman

Lois Goldthwaite, IFCS

1980 PENN STATE **COLLEGIATE OPEN** TOURNAMENT

by Maxwell R. Garret

The Penn State Collegiate Open Tournament (SOCIT) — a joint venture of Beth Alphin (PSU women's varsity coach) and Mac Garret (PSU men's varsity coach) — began in 1972 and has been held annually since then. This year the women's foil and epee were held on Saturday, November 15, while the men's foil and sabre were held on Sunday. November 16. This permitted competitors to fence in one weapon on Saturday and another on Sunday.

The 1980 SOCIT brought 214 competitors together (59 men foilists, 44 Sabreurs, 71 women foilists, and 40 epeeists) representing eighteen (18) universities. The final round results were:

Women's Foil (71) Sabre (44)

- 1. Jana Angelakis (Penn State)
- 4. Lori Sobel (U. of Pa) 5. Cindy Friday (U. of N.C.) 6. Mary Bilodeaux (Temple)
- 1. Steve Renshaw (Clemson) 2. Cathy McClellan (Penn State) 2. Paul Friedberg (U. of Pa.) 3. Hanne Skattebol (Penn State) 3. Tom Merenyi (Saint John's)
 - 4. Don Lear (Penn State)
 - 5. Mark Wasserman (Clemson) 6. Joel Spielman (U. of Pa.)

1. Marc Auricchio (Saint John's)

Epec (40)

- 1. Jay Thomas (Clemson) 2. John Hodde (U. of N.C.) 3. Steve Magnus (Winconsin) 4. Bill Shuford (Clemson)
 - 2. Nestor Rosario (Cornell) 3. Chris Childs (Ohio State U.) 4, Steve Bachman (U. of N.C.)

Man's Foil (59)

5. Jim Barnett (Penn State) 5. Serai Allali (Ohio State U.) 6. Scott Hollenbeck (Penn State) 6. Mark Meudt (Maryland)

Next year's SOCIT tournament will be held on November 7 and 8, 1981. Universities and colleges interested in seeing their undergraduates in a major pre-season competition should reserve this event for their schedule.

GULF COAST DIVISION

From the GULF COAST DIVISION come the following results: Franks Memorial S. Tournament, Sept. 27-28, 1980, Houston, Texas M. Foil: 1.C. McCraw (SS); 2) M. Watson (HFC); 3) K.Woodward (SWT), W. Foil: 1) T. Yelton (SS): 2) H. Valskavich (Un); 3) D. Foutch (SS). Sabre: 1.C. Mc Craw (SS(; 2) P. Anderson (SWT); 3) M. Frey (TAMU) Epee: 1) A. Peters (SS); 2) R. Hurley (SS); 3) S. Rotkiewics (SS).

Sebastiani Anniversary Invitational (Epee), Oct. 3-4, 1980, Huston, Texas Over 2 days: 1) R. Hurley (SS); 2) S. Rothiewics (SS); 3) D. Blakeley (DFC).

DUFLAT DALIAS

The Dallas Fencers Club hosted the DUEL AT DALLAS 1980 on November 1 & 2 at St. Mark's School of Texas. There were 115 total entries for the four-event two day invitational tournament.

The Golden Aztec Trophy, Azteca de Oro, in its twenty-fifth presentation went to Vincent Bradford in a Women's Foil event. One B and three C ratings were earned by four of the finalists in the direct elimination repechage final, Vinnie Bradford of Ft. Worth with no defeats won over her former teammate and fellow Texan Stacev Johnson, San Antonio, second 1D. Third place Andrea Metkus, Los Angeles 2D, earned her B-classification over new A-fencer Tracy Yelton, of Houston Sebastiani, fourth 3D. fifth place and earning her C-classification was Isabel Hamori, of New Orleans with Tulsa, Oklahoma fencer Alice Wade Moore, 6th, also, gaining her C. Lois Goldthwaite. IFCS was 7th with teammate Nancy Walter in 8th position also gaining her C-rating.

Men's Foil went to Al Peters 1D Sebastiani in a 47-entry event.

- 2. Gary Vandenberg UTA 4/D
- 3. Rick Lawrence St. Marks, 4/D
- 4. Paul Schmidt, Sebastiani 3/D
- 5. Ed Sims, DFC. 5/D
- 6. Robert Brown, St. Marks, 6/D
- 7. Clarence McCraw, Sebastiani 3/D
- 8. Dwaine Blakley, IFCS, Exp.

Saber was fenced in one big round-robin by pools. Ed Sims, Dallas Fencers Club won his 10th saber title in 20 years at the DFC tournament from a 3-way barrage 14/2 with Martin Johnson, New Orleans Fencers Club, second 13/2 and Bob Nordlicht, Falkners Falcons, CA third, 12/4.

- 4. Carlos Fuertes, Falkners Falcons 10/4
- 5. Clarence McCraw, Sebastiani 10/4
- 6. Scott Harmon, DFC 9/5

Epee was won by Bob Hurley, Sebastiani, 3/D over defending champion John Moreau, San Antonio, 3/D. Third was Andrea Quaroni, quest Pentathlete, 4/D.

- 4. Dwayne Blakley, IFCS 5/D
- 5. Gary Vandenberg, UTA 3/D
- 6. John Michaels, USMP 3/D
- 7. Jan Olstrom, Pent. 9/D
- 8. Greg Thoreson, Sebastiani 6/D

26th CANADIAN HEROES FENCING TOURNAMENT

October 11, 12, 1980

Ladies' Foil- 1st. Donna McCavov TFC, 2nd. Yoko Ode Unat, 3rd, Dana Burke U of M. 4th, Gina Farkashazt Aust. 5th, Shelley Steiner TFC. 6th, Patrica Balz TFC.

Epec- 1st, Carlo Songini Clev. 2nd, Charles Schneider Det. 3rd, Greg Kocab U of D. 4th, Mark Masters F.A.M. 5th. Damiel Perreault Mec. 6th. Frank Nagornev SK.

Men's Foil-1st, Mark Masters F.A.M. nest Simon F.A.M. 3rd. Geoff Elder F.A. Geza Kogler F.A.M. 5th, Gerald Agoues E Gerald Thabourin Equ.

Sabre-1st, Eli Sukunda Wm, 2nd, Marc R.A. 3rd, Jean-Paul Banos Scar, 4th Danosi F.A.M. 5th, Frank Nagornev F.A. Bill Goering F.A.M.

CORNELL OPEN

November 1 and 2, 1980

The 9th annual Cornell Open ran sn than ever this year despite having to our huge Barton Hall space with W-Ivv League Volleyball and Cornell E ball. All events, except women's sat epee, ran on the new FIE format. Ag mourer extraordinaire. Dan DeChair all 20 metallic strips fully operationa running a strict FIE inspection.

Our largest foil entry to date, 90 m 90 women, contributed to the total 280 fencers in six weapons. Fencers over the East coast, including Floric Georgia, and from Canada partic Large collegiate entries from Col Penn State, Temple, Brock (Ontari ronto, and North Carolina helped sv numbers. Fourty-nine "A", 36 "B", added up to a high quality event. iunior awards, given to the highest t high school fencer (not in the top 3 taken by members of the Mousqu Club of Montreal (Angers, Ducharme and Deschenes). The Dual Weapon a for top results in any two weapons we by Puck Wullenweber (AFA) for 1st in and 4th in epee and by Chris Hansor zar for 11th in foil and 13th in epee.

MEN'S FOIL: 1) Michael McCahev, NYFC: 2) Jack Tichael 3) L. Rocheleau, Mous.; 4) Gerald Shaw, Santelli; 5) , Flom, GMU, 6) Nestor Rosario, Cornell; 7) Demetrius Vals 8) Dean Halstead, Salle d'A.

MEN'S EPEE: 1) J.M. Chouinard, Mous.; 2) Lee Shelle: Michael Elfiott, RA; 4) Stefan Cook, St. Johns; 5) C. Plast 6) Walter Dragonetti, Csiszar; 7) Daniel Perrealt: MEC: Dessureault, RA.

MEN'S SABRE: 1) G. Gonsalez-Rivas, MIT: 2) P. Beaud 3) John Vozella, Tanner CFC; 4) Jim Fazekas, AFA; 5) De Mous.; 6) Joseph Fazekas, Alcazar FC; 7) Jim Ellis, Peni Darryl Gray, St. Johns.

WOMEN'S FOIL. 1) Chantal Payer, Mous.; 2) Jana Angels State; 3) Jacynthe Poirier, MEC; 4) Isabel Ducharme, Sharon Monplaisir, FC; 6) J. Starks-Faulkner, Csiszar: Wishart, RA 8) Michelle Sonnenfeld, NYFG.

WOMEN'S EPEE: S. Moriates, Un.: 2) P. Charles, Un.: 3) brado, Santelli, 4) P. Wullenweber, AFA; 5) M. Sullivan, T(Schneider, Salle d'A.

WOMEN'S SABRE: 1) P. Wullenweber, AFA; 2) Susan Kra 3) Florence Hoechsteter, Mous.

SOUTH TEXAS DIVISION

The South Texas Division reports great tournament activity during the past months. At Southwest Texas State University on November 22-23, 1980, over ninety fencers representing 13 clubs or colleges took part in four Unclassified events.

Results: MEN'S FOIL (38); 1) Greg Raines. SWTFS; 2) Mike Watson, Houston FC; 3) David Lewis, SWTFS, 4) Garv Watasche, Sebastiani; 5) John Nolan, U. Texas-Austin; 6) Jim Bare, SWTFS.

WOMEN'S FOIL (18): 1) Helen Valkavich, Trinity U.; 2) Marcy Runkle, SWTFS; 3) Donna Vandervalli, Austin FA; 4) Michelle Chouteau, U. Texas-Austin; 5) Ramona Vasquez, North Texas St. U.; 6) Helen Mitchell, U. Texas-Arlington.

EPEE (18); 1) Jim Jackson, SWTFS; 2) Dean Sims, SWTFS; 3) Ken Hogan, Sebastiani; 4) Matt Rumelhart, SWTFS; 5) Brian Lewis, U. Texas-Arlington; 6) Steve Dubbs, Ft. Sam Houston.

SABRE:(18); 1) Steve Vandenburg, V. Texas-Arl.; 2) Jim Jackson, SWTFS; 3) Kyle Maysel, SWTFS: 4) David Kelley, Ft. Hood T.: 5) Ken Hogan, Sebastiani, 6) John Johnson, SWTFS

On December 6-7, 1980, The Southwest Texas State Fencing Society hosted its fifth annual Holiday Tournament. A spirited field of 54 fencers vied for honors and trophies as they ushered in the holiday season in Texas.

RESULTS:

MEN' FOIL (21)

- 1. Keith Woodward, 5-0, SWTFS (C)
- 2. Greg Raines, 3-2 SWTFS (C)
- 3. Oscar Barrera, 2-3, Trans-Texas FC (C)
- 4. Howard Williams, 2-3, Trans-Texas FC (C)
- 5. John Nolan, 2-3, U. Texas
- 6. Matt Remulhart, 0-6, SWTFS

WOMEN'S FOIL (17)

- 1. Nancy Walters, 5-0, IFCS (C)
- 2. Liz Ronchetti, 3-2, AFA (C)
- 3. Michelle Chouteau, 2-3, U. Texas
- 4. Helen Valkavich, 2-3, Trans-Texas FC (C)
- 5. Donna Vanderwalli, 2-3 AFA.
- 6.Marcy Runkle, 1-4, SWTFS

SABRE (8)

- 1. Bob Nordlicht, 6-1, Trans-Texas FC (B)
- 2. Howard Williams, 5-2, Trans-Texas FC (C)
- 3. Paul Anderson, 5-2, Trans-Texas FC (C)
- 4. Clarence McCraw, 3-3. Salle Sebastiani (C)
- 5. David Lewis, 3-3, Trans-Texas FC (C)
- 6. Stephen Hardin, 3-4, SWTFS (C)

EPEE (8)

- 1. Andrea Quaroni, 13-1, unattached (B)
- 2. George Nelson, 11-3, SAFS, (B)
- 3. Bruce Markovich, 10-4, Trans-Texas (B)
- 4. Doug Vermillion, 8-6, USMPTC
- 5. John Nolan, 6-8, U. Texas
- 6. Ken Harper, 5-9, USMPTC

TED KECK OPEN FENCING MEET

By Lewis J. Smith

The second annual Ted Keck Open Fencing Tournament was held at Southwest Texas State University in the Aqua Sports Center on October 25-26, 1980, Dr. Keck, chairman of the Health, Physical Education Department since 1970, was honored for his outstanding service in promoting lifetime sports activities at the University and in the community.

The meet attracted 96 entries representing over 10 club or university teams from throughout Texas. Pat Caux, Salle Sebastiani of Houston, was the outstanding individual in capturing the men's foil and sabre events. Steve Vandenberg, Itinerent Fencing and Chower Society (IFSC) of Fort Worth, took first place in epee, while teammate, Lois Goldthwaite, went undefeated in women's foil, Host, SWT Fencing Society, placed five finalists in the meet along with Salle Sebastiani and the IFSC, but IFSC gained the team edge by one placement.

Major winter meets coming in South Texas include the Bobcat Open at SWTSU on February 14-15, and the U.S. Modern Pentathlon Open Epee at Fort Sam Houston on February 21-22, 1981. For information write or call Lewis Smith, PO Box 381, San Marcos, TX 78666, 512-392-7862; or John Moreau, 246 Lnag, Ft. Sam Houston, TX 78234, 512-828-5982.

RESULTS:

Men's Foil (38) Group II

- 1. Pat Caux, 5-0, SS
- 2. Steve Vandenberg, 4-1, IFCS 3. Clarence McCraw, 3-2. SS
- 4. Keith Woodward, 2-3, SWTFS
- 5. Oscar Barerra, 1-4, SWTFS
- 6. John Nolan, 0-5, U. Texas

Women's Foil (18) Group III

- 1. Lois Goldthwaite, 5-0, IFCS
- 2. Micelle Chouteau, 4-1, U. Texas
- 3. Helen Valkavich, 3-2, TTFC
- 4. Nancy Walters, 1-4, IFCS
- 5. Sally Vansiclen, 1-4, Bellaire
- 6 Ramona Vasques 1-4 NTSU

Sabre (16) Group III

- 1. Pat Caux, 6-1, SS
- 2. Clarence McCraw, 5-2, SS 2. Chuck Michaels, 3-2 USMPTC
- 3. Steve Vandenberg, 5-2, IFCS 3. Laszlo Beres, 2-3, unatt.
- 4. Paul Anderson, 4-3, SWTFS 4. Bruce Markovich, 2-3, unatt
- 5. Howard Williams, 4-3, SWTFS 5. Slavic Rotziwitz, 2-3, SS

Epee (24) Group II

1. Steve Vandenberg, 5-0, IFCS

- 6. David Lewis, 2-5, SWTFS 6. Ted Eckersdorff, 1-4, USMPTC
- 7. Tim Moore, 2-5, SS 8. Mike Diltz, 0-7, SWTFS

CLEVELAND GRAND PRIX

November 28, 29, 30, 1980

Ted Willis Foil Trophy - 1. Alan Blair, Canada; 2. Ernie Simon, Australia; 3. Marty Lang, NY; 4. Greg Mueller, Ind.; 5. Steve Trevor, Alcazar; 6. Alex Flom, Salle d'armes 7. Luc Rocheleau. Canada; 8. Jon Selkowski, FAM.

Wmn's Epee Paula Caple Trophy - 1. Gina Farkashazy, Australia; 2. Jane Littman, S. Carolina: 3. Christina Massiala, Mich.: 4. Paula Caple, Alcazar: 5, Kathy Travis, Ind.: 6, Ann Erzell, Alcazar: 7. Kristy Lake, K.C. Mo.: 8. Puck Wullenweber, Ithaca

Women's Foil Invitational - 1. Gina Farkashazy, Australia; 2. Sharon Everson, Phila.; 3. Jean Starks-Faulkner, Phila.; 4. Cynthia Carter, Wash., D. C.; 5. Jane Littman, S. Carolina; 6. Christina Massiala, Mich.; 7. Dana Burke, Wash., D. C.; 8. Debora Theriault, Pittsb.

Women's Foil/Epee Szent-Kiralyi Trophy -1. Gina Farkashazy, Australia; 2. Christina Massiala, Mich.; 3. Jane Littman, S. Carolina; 4. Kathyn Watson, WSU; 5. Judy Camiener, Alcazar; 6. Mary Gilman, Madison; 7. Joyce Lartigue, WSU; 8. Jeanne Carev. Ithaca.

John Stomfav-Stitz Sabre Trophy - 1, Jim Fazekas, AFA; 2. Joe Fazekas, Alcazar; 3. Michael Duika, Mich . 4, Tony Gilham, Madison: 5, Wes Morrow, W. VA.: 6. Hank Brass, Cleveland: 7. David Ling, Wash., D. C.; 8. Mike Rodgers, OSU.

Men's Gilman Foil/Epee — 1. Carlo Songini. Italy; 2. Peter Rosza, Hungary; 3. Geza Kogler, Mich.; 4. Lars Morch, Norway; 5. Mark Masters, Mich.: 6. Greg Mueller, Ind.: 7. Abbas Fadel. Egypt; 8. Wm. Landers. Md.

Madi Dods Epee Trophy - 1. Jacques Cardvn. Canada: 2. Charles Schnieder, FAM: 3. Daniel Perreault, Canada; 4. Wm. Landers, Md. 5. Carlo Songini, Italy; 6. Wm. Reith, Alcazar; 7. Lars Murch, Norway: 8. Jamak Chouinard, Canada.

CSISZAR OPEN EPEE

(Results on p. 19)

Holt Farley of Salle Richards in Boston was the surprise winner of the Csiszar Open Epee, the initial tournament of the North American Fencing Circuit, held December 6 and 7 in Philadelphia.

The victory earned Farley, who was not previously a U.S. team member, 100 U.S.

National Team points, moving him nation's top twenty epeeists.

Farley defeated a former North Hi High (New Jersey) classmate. Bob of the New York Athletic Club, 12deciding bout of the single elimina Both Farley and Frenson fought to bout after emerging from the loser's of the double elimination round of The two Easterners were followed in by Texan Bob Hurley of Salle Se (Houston), who edged Canadian Mi sserault for third, pentathlete Grev San Antonio, fifth, and Tim Class tiani), Bob Marx (Salle Auriol, Portla Peter Schifrin (Salle d'Asaro, San tied for sixth.

The two-day event drew eighty-f testants, forty-seven of them comp Saturday for sixteen spots into t tournament Sunday.

Two young fencers broke into the rankings. Steve Trevor of Clevela cazar, a high school senior, and Uni Pennsylvania sophomore John Lei 16th and 18th, respectively. Others their first points were former national ion James Melcher (New York School) and Bob Hupp of the A Fencing Academy.



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WITNESSING A FENCING COMPETITION A TRUE HORROR STORY

Editor's Note: We are grateful to Ms. Jean Bouton, Assis. Prof. of Physical Education at Towson State University in Towson, Maryland, for the following report. Observation of an AFLA or intercollegiate electric fencing event was required as part of an elective phys. ed. course in fencing. The aspiring authors (students) are noted at the end of the essay.

Upon overcoming our logistical difficulties, technical and otherwise, we cautiously (step by step, inch by inch), proceeded through a red light in our attempt to locate Johns Hopkins University's gymnasium. Moving right along, we consulted no less than five local yokels as to the exact whereabouts of the fabulous fencing forum. Finally furrowing our way through the formidable foyer into fencers' fantasy, (ironically located next to the gymnasium laundry room), the fearsome five from T. S. U. forced their fannies past the final few faces of the hopping Hopkins' hairy hombres.

But seriously,----

We, the undersigned, do hereby swear to have observed to the best of our abilities, being of sound minds and bodies, the following:

- The fencing strip was inscribed into the floor itself so as to save happenstance injuries from being incurred while rolling up obnoxious rubber mats. (200 pounds plus!)
- 2. The system was, as we were duly informed, an electrical one. Wires ran from an automatic take-up reel on the wall by means of a pulley system to a wiring assembly on the back of each fencer andwereattached there with an alligator clip, or a crocodile clip if you prefer. Wires ran, nay walked, through the fencing lacket, where they were attached to the bell guard of the foil. The pomegranate, uh, we mean the pommel, was designed with an extension to fit this wiring system, (an electrician's nightmare). The tips of the foils apparently had some sort of plunger appendage, (a plumber's delight) in order to relay electronic responses whenever a touch was completed, on or off target. The fencing jackets were straight out of Frederick's

- of Hollywood, complete with metallic lamet (sic). A brass 500 gram weight was placed on the tip of each foil prior to every bout to test the strength of the tip. Anyone weighing more than 500 grams was not permitted to sit on the foil. The scoring was recorded on an electronic box which had two columns of seven lights each, all rectangular and of the same size, shape and sex so as to fit into the same column. They formed right angles with their hypotenuses. (hypotenusii?), directly perpendicular to the sum of the squares of the shorter sides of the bleachers - a genuine geometric gem. A timer kept track of the halts so that the six minutes included actual fencing time only, which is not to be confused with actual football time.
- 3. Another one of our astute observations was that form was apparently sloppy, at least by our studious standards. We were subject to viewing such horrendous sights as many droppings of the foils, ducks and other assorted wildlife. lousy, lewd, lustful and lascivious lunges with leans and foot rolls, jelly rolls and egg rolls; leaps and bounds reminiscent of Clark Kent; binges of cringes and backstabbing; dangling participles and back arms, not to mention bouncy advances and retreats. Cowering under the bleachers, we witnessed that the aggressiveness of the attacks was such that once they started. they would not stop. Recoveries were usually unbalanced, whereby we informed them of the existence of professional psychiatric help. Retreats were more often used than parties, (parries), the latter of which were performed by invariably wild and crazy guys. Many times the fencers implemented full preparation without completion. . . One item of intrique was how the fencers held their foils pointed downward. We don't know why this intriqued us, it just did. This was evidently an invitation, R. S. V. P. unnecessary, for an attack which would be parried with a riposte. Actually this feint left the fencers very open. (which tends to get rather chilly in the

- winter). P. S. They did not know the proper technique for putting on their face masks Boo! Hisss!-The wire mesh goes in front, right? Several seemed unaware of the concept of right-of-way, (not to mention yield, stop, do not enter and no turn after 3:30 P.M.) In short, the summarization of the skill excution: All skills were executed before a firing squad at dawn. If the firing squad failed in its mission, they used quillotines.
- 4. The entire strip was utilized, both in length and width, (also depth, breadth, height, shading, color and texture).
- The competition was in round redbreasted robin form, speckled eggs et al, each fencer having a bout with every other fencer or about every other fencer.
- The type of event was horseshoes. No. Lacrosse. No. Jousting. You're getting warmer. Five Card Stud. You're getting

- colder. Oh, I give up. Oh! Fe Raahheet!
- 7. The age group was ". . . to kid one to ninety-two . . . "
- Warm-ups included situps, pu foulups, goofups, etc., actually rived too late to observe such utto sense.)

After carefully reviewing and recoring all that has been written, well, not a all, merely what is contained hereinhereby acknowledge the validity statement and allow our nam (sheepishly) be affixed to this paper

Respectfully submitted, we remain you friends and servants, Francis Brown, Brunn, and Robert Gawryck. P.P.S. We read this to our mothers and liked it very much.



Technical Talks

by Joe Byrnes

Some time ago I mentioned the problem of the "sticky" point that sometimes catches and, in foil, will likely give you a continuous off-target.

If that's your problem, the first thing to do is to take the point out of the cylinder (barrel, "button") and thoroughly clean out the cylinder and the point top. Use a good non-conductive cleaner that won't leave messy goo behind it, or damage the little plastic cup inside. The stuff sold in electronics parts houses as "contact cleaner" for TV tuners works well. If you merely had a disgustingly dirty assembly, this procedure might fix the problem. If not. on to the next step.

Unless the point was badly mismated on initial assembly, one of the most likely causes for your trouble is actual injury to the cylinder. There are other possibilities. of course, but let's confine ourselves to one kind of headache at a time. Foil cylinders are not as robust as those on epees. so this particular problem seems to show up more often with foils, but it can happen to epees, too, and the same principles apply to repairing the cylinder.

If, after a good cleaning, you are still getting this kind of grief, look closely at the cylinder. Use a magnifying glass. On a foil you'll have to untape the end of the blade. of course, and clean off any gummy residue left by the tape, because you have to be able to see the bare metal clearly. Lighter fluid or a similar solvent takes off most glue residues pretty efficiently.

What you will see, most likely, if the cause of your trouble is what I'm writing about this time, will be a nick, or more than one, across the side of the cylinder. caused by one of your opponent's blades catching the tip of your weapon smartly. It may not look like much, but it doesn't have to be really big to cause trouble. The deformation that shows on the outside will have a corresponding little bulge on the inside of the cylinder where the point is supposed to be sliding back and forth smoothly.

You could try to find a point with a slightly smaller diameter, of course-one that would still move freely in the more constricted space, but usually that's not possible, even if you have a large inventory of spare parts just lying about for the pur-

You could dismount the blade, strip out the wire, unscrew the cylinder from the end, throw it away, and install a new one. You may have to do that anyway, if the fix I am going to describe doesn't work, or if you get overly ambitious and bungle the job. Then too, there are some nicks that are located far enough back that they don't respond to this cure.

Let's assume, however, that you have a garden variety nick, with the little bulge inside. You have to get rid of that bulge. You need the right equipment and that can be as simple as a very small, pointed, needle file in the rat-tail shape, or even a "riffler" of a corresponding type. Obviously it has to be small to fit easily into the open end of the cylinder and let you work it. Just as obviously you are going to have to work slowly and carefully so as not to mess up the plastic cup and the little piece inside it. down at the bottom of the cylinder. If you have a hand grinder of the Dremel "Moto-Tool" type, with a fine cylindrical metal cutting head, you can use that-with even greater caution, of course, since it is much easier to do damage with the high speed tool. You use the tools of your choice to work away, very carefully, at the bulge(s), testing the point for fit repeatedly. Once it starts sliding again, you have it.

There are fencers who like to work on their own equipment who use the motor grinders, equipped with cylindrical polishing heads, to buff up the insides of the cylinders on their weapons. The practice is a bit more than is necessary, in most cases, but if it makes them feel good, and they don't spoil too many weapons, they might as well, say I. As you might guess, you'll find these perfectionists usually among the epee fencers.

Oh, one last word. Be sure to clean out the cylinder thoroughly after your job on it. You want to be sure all the little metal filings are out of there before you take the weapon back onto the strip.

COMING ATTRACTION

The GREEN GATOR INTERNATIONAL Tournament, the 18th annual Green Gator Festival, will be held on April 11 and 12, 1981, at the University of Florida Gym in Gainesville, Florida. Heading the list of international rated fencers are Latvi Amor, three times a member of the Tunisian Olympic Team (1972, 76, & 80) and Derek Russel, U.K. National Team member in foil and epee. Also in attendance will be fencers from the Turkish Jr. Olympic team, the Argentine Olympic team, the Puerto Rican Jr. National team and West Germany.

Entry fees are \$10 per weapon and \$5 for each additional weapon. Registration must be received by 5 April, 1981, to avoid the \$2 late fee at the door.

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Competition	Date	Time
Men's Foil	11 April	9:00 am
Women's Foil	11 April	1:00 pm

Men's Epee 12 April 9:0 Women's Epee 12 April 11:0 Men's Sabre 12 April 1.0 Send all entries to: Bruce Cohen 5 7th Place, Gainesville, FL 32601

1980 Kadar Saber Open

1980 Kadar Saber Open champic Westbrook accepts champagne cup fro tro Menvhert Kadar, Tournament Chairm Nagorney and Liberty Sportsmanship Cu Zolton Gombos joined in the awards ce Westbrook also won the Liberty Cup. See for complete results.



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A CHECKLIST OF FENCING BOOKS

IN ENGLISH SINCE 1888

by Tom Conroy.

Mr. Conroy is a self-styled "mediocre fencer" who lives in Berkeley, CA, and likes to do research.

Author's note: With the theory that older books on fencing have more practical value to the modern fencer than is often realized, the following checklist is intended to bring the bibliography of fencing in English up to date. These older books cannot be used unless the fencer knows they exist. The few bibliographies of fencing books since Castle's in 1889 are incomplete and unreliable, so I think this list fills a real need.

My basic list was formed by comparison of the various incomplete fencing bibliographies since 1889, and such "universal" (in intention) sources as the Cumulative Book Index. However, I have examined copies of over 70% of the titles I list here. Some minor items have undoubtedly been missed, but this and Castle's list together form an almost complete list of fencing books in English.

In 1888, Egerton Castle prepared a fine general bibliography of fencing for the Badminton Library volume on Fencing, Boxing, Wrestling. His "Bibliotheca Artis Dimicatoriae" was arranged chronologically within each language. In 1896, Carl A. Thimm published A Complete Bibliography of Fencing and Duelling, and this has recently been reprinted. Thimm, however, is inexact, careless, awkward to use. bloated out with many irrelevant works yet still far from complete. Since 1896 only a few short lists of English fencing books have appeared. Because Thimm must be scorned by any competent bibliographer, this checklist takes up where Castle left off, in

I have included all books in English first published since 1888, but have not included new editions of books first published before 1888. Certain earlier titles overlooked by Castle are not included. The list contains only manuals on true fencing and a few on fencing history, but not books on sabre cavalry, bayonet fighting, kendo, or other related subjects (which fell within Castle's scheme); nor does it contain rule books or periodical publications and serials. This checklist is a digest of the relevant sections of a full descriptive bibliography of fencing, boxing, and wrestling now in preparation.

- 1889 Dunn, H. A. Colmore. **Fencing.** "The All-England Series." London: George Bell & Sons, 1889. American edn: New York: Harcourt, pre-1928. Pirated American edn.: **Dunn's Fencing Instructor.** New York: Dick & Fitzgerald, pre- 1902, 96 p.
- 1889 Pollock, Walter H.; Grove, F. C.; Prevost, Camille; and others. Fencing... Boxing... Wrestling. "The Badminton Library of Sports and Pastimes." London: Longmans, Green & Co., 1889; 1890; 1893; 1897. Boston: Little, Brown & Co.: 1889. xiii, 304 p. "Bibliotheca Artis Dimicatoriae" by Egerton Castle, p. 241-293.
- 1889 Wright, Francis Vere. The broadsword as taught by the celebrated Italian masters Signors Masiello and Ciullini, of Florence.
 London: W.H. Allen & Co., 56 p. & XXXI pl.
- 1891 Hutton, Captain Alfred. The Swordsman. A manual of fence for the three arms, foil, sabre, and bayonet. London: H. Grevel & Co., viii & 126 p. 2nd. ed.: 1898.
- 1892 Hutton, Captain Alfred. Old Sword-Play. The system of fence in vogue during the sixteenth, seventeenth, and eighteenth centuries... London: H. Grevel & Co., x & 36 p., 57 pl. New York: B. Westerman & Co., 1892.
- 1892 Rondelle, Louis. Foil and Sabre. A grammer of fencing in detailed lessons for professor and pupil.
 Boston: Estes & Lauriat.
- 1893 Bertrand, Baptiste. No title (referred to as "Memorial of Fencers" or "Vie de George Chapman"). London: Danielson & Co., 7 pl.

- 1894 Breck, Edward. Fencing. New York: American Sports Publishing Co., 50 p.; another edn. 1905. New York: Outing Publishing Co., 1912 (this last may be a separate book, not just a new edition).
- 189-? Heintz, George Sr. Theory of fencing with the foil in form of a catechism. Milwaukee: Freidenker Publishing Co., n.d., 53 p.
- 1900 Bazancourt, Baron César de. Secrets of the Sword. Tr. F. C. Clay. London & New York: George Bell & Sons, viii & 246 p.; London, George Bell, 1908; New York: The Macmillan Co., 1908.
- 1903 Allanson-Winn, R.G., and Walker, Charles Edward. Self-Defence. Being a guide to boxing, quarter-staff and bayonet practice, the walking-stick cudgel, fencing, etc. London: Lawrence & Bullen, Ltd., viii & 216 p. (Foil, épée, sabre p. 128-216).
- 1904 Senac, Louis and Regis. The Art of Fencing. "Spalding's Athletic Lib-

- rary No. 165." New York: A Sports Publishing Co., 130 1926; 1927.
- 1905 Blakeslee, Fred. **Sword pla tors: a manual of stage**New York: W.M. Hazen Co
 2nd. ed. 1976.
- 1905 Pavese, G. **Foil and sabre** Baltimore: King Brothers.
- 1906 Grandiere, Maurice. How to a new and original treatis art of the foil and epee as and practised in France. and Felling-on-Tyne: The Scott Publishing Co., xvii & 15 pl.
- 1906 Warman, E. B. Fencing E New York: American Sports ing Co.
- 1908 Normal College of the Nort can Gymnastic Union. Cc fencing. Foil, sabre and stick. Indianapolis: privately
- 1911 Burton, Captain Sir Richard



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- **The Sentiment of the Sword.** Ed. A. Forbes Sieveking. London: Horace Cox, "Field" Office, xv & 151 p.
- 19--? **How to Fence.** New York: Frank Tousey, circa 1912.
- 19--? Manrique, Ricardo D. The Art of Fencing with the Foil, according to the French school.
- 1912 Manrique, Ricardo E. Fencing foil class work illustrated. New York: American Sports Publishing Co. Another edn. ("Spalding Red Cover" Series of Athletic Handbooks No. 11R.") New York: American Sports Publishing Co., 1920, 70 p.
- 1927 Bertrand, Cav. Léon. **Cut and Thrust: the subtlety of the sabre.**London: Athletic Publications Ltd.
 239 p.
- 1930 Cass, Eleanor Baldwin. **The book of fencing.** Boston: Lothrop, Lee & Shepard Co., 380 p. & 38 pl.
- 1930 Lidstone, Ronald A. The art of fencing: a practical manual for the foil, epee and sabre. "The sports and pastimes library." London: H. F. & G. Witherby, 224 p.; 1952, xvi & 384 p. & IX pl.
- 1931 Castello, J.M. **Theory of Fencing.**Bostom: Bruce Humphries, Inc.
- 1931 Reynolds, F. C. **The book of the foil.**London: Ernest Benn Ltd., vxi & 17-220 p.
- 1932 Barbasetti, Luigi. The art of the foil, with a short history of fencing. Tr. from the Italian. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co., xii & 276 p.; London: Hutchinson, 1933.
- 1932 Johnstone, John. Fencing: the theory of offence and defence, strategy, and training, arranged in text book form; a series of lectures and demonstrations in fencing delivered to classes at the University of Michigan. Ann Arbor, Edwards Bros., ii & 114 p.

- 1933 Castello, Julio Martinez. **The theory and practice of fencing.** New York
 and London: Charles Scribner's
 Sons, xvi & 272 p. & 3 pl.
- 1934 Gravé, Professor Felix. Fencing Comprehensive. London: Hutchinson & Co. Ltd., 168 p.; cheaper edn. 1938.
- 1935 Bertrand, Cav. Léon. **The Fencer's Companion.** London and Aldershot:
 Gale & Polden, 90 p.; 2nd edn. 1939,
 vii & 82 p.
- 1935 Knowles, Vincent Devereux. **the science of the sword.** Second edn. Singapore: Kelly & Walsh, 111 p. & pl.; London: Simpkin Marshall Ltd., 1939.
- 193 Barbasetti, Luigi. **The art of the sabre and the epee.** Tr. from the Italian. New
 York: F.P. Dutton & Co., xvii & 170 p. &
 13 pl.
- 1936 Emerson, Edwin, **German** swordplay. Philadelphia: Graf & Breuninger, 80 p.
- 1936 Nobbs, Percy E. Fencing tactics. With chapter on the evolution and history of fencing, by A. Corble. "Sportsman's library." London: Phillip Allan, 250 p.; London: A. C. Black, 1936; New York: Charles Scribner's Sons, 1936; Toronto: S.J. Reginald Saunders, 1936.
- 1936 Roberts, Lettice E. **Millitary and Civilian Salutes.** Ram Yard; Cambridge: The Author, 7 p.
- 1936 Roberts, Lettice F. Notes on Foil Fencing. Ram Yard, Cambridge: The Author, 33 p.
- 1936 Uyttenhove, H.J. **Foil Fencing.** University of Southern California, Los Angeles.
- 1937 Vince, Joseph. Fundamentals of foil fencing. New York: the author, v & 53 p.
- 1938 MacDonald, Eleanor and Ian. The Art of Fencing. "Foulsham's Sports

- Library." London: William Foulsham & Co., 93 p.; 2nd. edn. 1954.
- 1939 Bernhard, Frederica. Syllabus for elementary foil fencing. Berkeley: University of California Press, vi & 20 p.
- 1939 Hett, G. V. **Fencing.** "Pitman's games and recreation series." London: Sir Isaac Pitman & Sons, xiii & 134 p.; New York: Pitman Publishing Corp., 1939; 2nd. edn. London: Sir Isaac Pitman & Sons, Ltd., 1950 xiii & 136 p.
- 1939 White, C. G. L. The art of fencing, including the foil, sabre & épée. London: University Publication Ltd., 90 p. & 4 pl.
- 1940 Vince, Joseph. Fencing. "Barnes Dollar Sports Library." New York: A. S. Barnes & Co., vii & 62 p.; 2nd edn.: "Ronald Sports Library," New York: Ronald Press Co., 1962, 92 p.

- 1941 Breckinridge, Scott D. and Jr. Sword Play. Based t French school of the foil. I A. S. Barnes & Co., xiii &
- 1943 Nadi, Aldo. **On Fencing.** Nadi, Aldo. **On Fencing.** Sons, xv & pl.; Toronto: Thomas Allen
- 1946 Finckh, Alfred Edmond. **A Fencing.** Sydney: The Auth p.
- 1947 U. S. M. A. Army Athletic tion. Army Fencing, 19 West Point: United States Academy, 32 p.
- 1948 Deladrier, Clovis. **Modern**A comprehensive manua
 foil, the epee, the sabre. A
 United States Naval Institu
 289 p.; 1954; 1973.
- 1948 Proceedings of the firs Midwest Fencing Clinic.
 University of Chicago Pres

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